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HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, TUESDAY, JULY 23, 1912.—SEMI WEEKLY.

WHOLE NO. 3730

SENATE PASSES KAU DITCH MEASURE

Bill Enacted in Form Satisfactory
to Promoters, Who Will Get
Busy At Once.

WILL FORM DITCH COMPANY

Two Millions At Least Will Be
Spent in Constructing Big
Aqueduct.

The Kau Ditch bill passed the senate yesterday and is expected to become effective at once. The latest information from Washington concerning the bill is that the President will sign it.

The Kau Ditch Company will be organized at once under the provisions of the measure and capitalized heavily and the dirt will commence to fly as soon as the organizers can get the surveys and all other data completed. John T. McCrosson, the father of the measure, states that more than \$2,000,000 will be put into the enterprise and the backers stand ready to put up the money.

F. E. Thompson received a cablegram yesterday from E. M. Watson of the law firm of Thompson, Wilder, Watson & Lymer, who has been in Washington watching the course of the bill through both houses of congress stating that the "bill as amended passed." In a letter recently received from Washington, Mr. Watson says:

"We are beginning to have considerable hope that the Kau bill will pass the senate within the week or ten days. Within the next day or two we have gotten together Senators Clapp, Poinsett, Bristow and Nelson, and have gotten them all to agree that the present senate amendments may be eliminated and the bill may pass as it came from the house, with the single amendment limiting the revenue of the company as provided in the bill as it was passed by the house. The prospect is more cheerful now than it has been at any time since Poinsett first made his objection and both McClellan and I believe success is in sight."

Under this bill about 80,000 acres of lands will be irrigated. The water will be carried by ditches from the Puna and Hilo districts on the island of Hawaii around the crater of Kilauea into the large but arid district of Kau which now depends largely upon rainfall for the cultivation of its sugar cane and other crops. The ditch is expected to aid in the reclamation of much additional land and is also intended to encourage homesteading.

ROOSEVELT GOT NO TAINTED MONEY THEN

WASHINGTON, July 22.—Former Senator Scott of West Virginia testified today that no contributions were received for the Roosevelt campaign fund in either 1904 or 1908 from Henry Havemeyer or the Harvester combine.

LOUISIANA SENATOR PRAISES GOOD WORK OF HAWAIIAN DELEGATES IN FIGHTING AGAINST FREE SUGAR PLANK

By Ernest G. Walker.
(Mail Special to The Advertiser.)

WASHINGTON, July 11.—Representative Robert F. Broussard, of Louisiana, commented today upon the tariff revision plank, adopted by the Democratic national convention at Baltimore. He along with other Democrats who are opposed to free sugar, feels much gratified because the free sugar plank was kept out of the platform. This makes a good foundation for a fight against a too sweeping reduction of the sugar duties, if the next congress is Democratic both in the house and senate, as Democrats now claim it is likely to be.

"We did all we could at Baltimore to get a satisfactory tariff plank adopted," said Mr. Broussard, "and we feel right well over the outcome of our efforts. Harry Irwin, one of the delegates from Hawaii, was in a position to supplement our endeavors in that direction very materially. His good work in that connection deserves to be known in Honolulu, where the interest in duties upon sugar is just as strong as it is in Louisiana. We had a lot of help in the same line from E. M. Watson, of Hawaii, also. He turned out with all his energy and worked with us in our fight before the resolutions committee."

No Revision at Once.

Mr. Broussard is in a position to be very influential in preventing the adoption of any bill by the senate, which would provide for free sugar. He is now a senator-elect and will be serving in the senate when the next congress convenes. According to all the signs here now, revision of the sugar tariff can not be brought about until the next congress, which, if the Democrats win next November, will probably convene in extra session next March. No tariff revision will likely be attempted at the next session of congress, which convenes in December, and will necessarily be a short session, expiring on March 4.

No Sale of Water.

The Sundry Appropriation Bill, passed by the house and just reported to the senate, carries a new provision, reappropriating \$175,000 for a water system at Honolulu Barracks. The provision, which the war department wanted, authorizing the government to sell the surplus water at Wahiawa and which Representative Kahn, of California, killed in the house, was kept out of the bill as presented to the senate. It is supposed that Senator Perkins, of California, was responsible for the failure to put the war department provision in.

Honolulu Sons of Harvard Greet Doctor Eliot Distinguished Educationalist Back in United States



DISTINGUISHED VISITORS OF HAWAII.

Doctor Eliot, Mrs. Eliot and Miss Eliot, at the Moana Hotel.

I regret to state that I found no sentiment in favor of national disarmament in China and Japan or elsewhere, for that matter. This, of course, is natural, with the nations pulling and hauling as they are at present.

The causes of war have changed. Desire of conquest, with the exception of the Tripoli affair, no longer causes nations to go to war as was the case of yore. It is social and industrial problems which will cause the wars of the future. There will undoubtedly be a fuller submission of all international disputes to the Hague Tribunal in the future.

I talked most of my mission of peace in China and Japan and everywhere I went I was listened to with the profoundest interest. Both these great nations desire peace. China, because she is helpless, and Japan, because she has a great deal on her hands just at present, especially at home.—PRESIDENT ELIOT.

Dr. Chas. W. Eliot, president emeritus of Harvard University, world-famed savant, student of man and nations, and trustee of the Carnegie Peace Foundation, arrived from Yokohama yesterday morning by the Siberia. He is accompanied by Mrs. Eliot, by his granddaughter, Miss Ruth Eliot, and his secretary, Roger Pierce.

Doctor Eliot and party are returning to the States after an eight-months' tour of the world, undertaken in connection with the Carnegie Peace Foundation.

The Harvard principal has made a close study of the social and economic problems of the countries which he has visited and has spoken in many places on the subject of "International Peace."

PRESIDENT BACKS UP M'CLELLAN

Says Delegate's Secretary Was
Never a Candidate for the
Governorship.

By Ernest G. Walker.

(Mail Special to The Advertiser.)

WASHINGTON, July 11.—President Taft in a letter he directed written to Representative Campbell, states that, as far as he has any knowledge of the situation, George McK. McClellan has never asked for appointment as Governor of Hawaii. Mr. McClellan is much exercised over reports that he was seeking the gubernatorial office and denies them with much emphasis. He exhibited to The Advertiser correspondent today the original copies of the letters he had received on the subject. These letters are as follows:

The House of Representatives Washington, D. C., July 3, 1912.
Mr. George McK. McClellan,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. McClellan:—I enclose you herewith a letter from the White House, which is explicitly conclusive.

The letter is signed by the first assistant secretary to the President owing to the absence of Mr. Hilles from the Capitol. I desire to say, however, that in a personal interview with Secretary Hilles, before he left the city, Mr. Hilles said to me that no one had presented your name for the governorship of Hawaii.

In view of these statements by the President and Secretary Hilles it would not seem that anyone could longer give credence to the rumor that you were a candidate for the governorship of Hawaii. Sincerely yours,
PHIL P. CAMPBELL.

White House Denial.

The White House Washington, July 2, 1912.

My Dear Mr. Campbell:—Your letter of July 1, addressed to the President, has been received. He directs me to acknowledge it for him and to say that, so far as his (Continued on Page Four.)

CANNERS BUY 1800 TONS OF LOCAL SUGAR

How one local industry may help another is shown in the announcement that the local pineapple canners have just purchased eighteen hundred tons of refined sugar from the Honolulu Plantation at Aloa, the sugar being now held at the mill warehouse to be shipped to the Honolulu canneries as it is wanted. In addition to this sale of refined, the Honolulu Plantation is holding five hundred tons for local consumption.

SWEDEN GETS BIG FINAL TOTAL

Yachting Events Runs List of
Victories Ahead of the
United States.

STOCKHOLM, July 22.—The Olympic games came to an end yesterday, with Sweden the winner of the most points gained by the entrants of any one nation. The final totals last night gave Sweden 133 points, the United States 129 and Great Britain 76.

The last points made by the Swedes, which ran their total above that of the United States, were made in the yachting events in which American was not represented. In everything except the yachting contests, America had scored twenty-four points more than Sweden and sixty-two more than the United Kingdom.

In all there were more than three thousand athletes present and taking part in the events, more than eight hundred of whom were representatives of Sweden. Twenty-seven countries were represented. America had 136 men entered in the games; Great Britain had 237, Austria-Hungary had 335, Germany had 183, France had 144, Canada had 54 and Denmark had 550.

SUBSTITUTE SUGAR BILL CERTAIN TO PASS IN SENATE SATURDAY

WASHINGTON, July 22.—When the vote upon the committee report on the Underwood bill for free sugar, which offers a substitute bill reducing the duty on refined to 1.72 and abolishes the Dutch Standard and the differentials, is taken on Saturday in the senate, it is expected that the substitute bill will be passed by the adoption of the report unamended. The bill will then be returned to the house for action.

The Progressives and the Democrats in the senate are said to have agreed

BRITAIN MEETS LAST MOVE OF GERMANY

Winston Churchill Makes Pointed
Speech and Asks for Mil-
lions More.

THEY WILL BUILD UNTIRINGLY

"Menace From North Sea" Must
Be Prepared for, He Tells
a Cheering Commons.

LONDON, July 22.—Winston Churchill, first lord of the admiralty, yesterday uttered another pointed warning to Germany that Great Britain is determined to maintain her supremacy upon the seas and will meet each advance in Germany's naval program by a still greater advance in the laying down of fighting ships. Following the recent speech of Lloyd George, chancellor of the exchequer, that the British public would always be able to raise money to meet national crises and that the admiralty would soon announce a supplemental building program to meet that recently announced by Germany, the announcement of the naval plans were received with cheers by the house of commons.

Mr. Churchill announced that the plans of the admiralty called for the immediate use of the surplus which had been set aside as an emergency naval fund and which amounted, for the present fiscal year to five million dollars. In asking that this amount be voted, the admiralty lord stated that he was convinced that Great Britain would build untiringly as the only means of defense against the menace that threatened from the North Sea.

to support the substitute bill, while the house will probably refuse to concur in the substitution and will force the matter of a reduced sugar tariff into conference.

CONDITION OF EMPEROR OF JAPAN SLIGHTLY IMPROVED



H. I. H. YOSHIHITO.

The Crown Prince of Japan, who will probably become the Emperor before many days, following the death of his father.

TOKIO, July 22.—The condition of the Emperor, which grew serious again yesterday morning, improved during the afternoon and the improvement was sustained during the evening and night.

Jack a National Committeeman.

The treasurer now reports that sufficient funds are in hand for the purpose, and the chairman has received wireless messages from Hawaii and Maui, signifying approval and assurances of support. We therefore recommend that Hon. A. L. C. Atkinson be appointed our delegate to the convention at Chicago on August 5, and also be elected as our national committeeman.

Declaration of Faith.
"We submit for your consideration a few Progressive principles which we recommend for adoption as a declaration of our faith."
"We believe that wholesome party government can come only if there is wholesome party management in a spirit of service, and with individual willingness to act without hope of gain and even at the risk of personal loss and discredit."
(Continued on Page Eight.)

The Emperor's Heir.
Crown Prince Yoshihito, who will succeed to the throne should this illness prove fatal to the Emperor, his father, as is feared, is a comparatively young man, only thirty-three years old. He has never been outside the limits of the empire, but is splendidly educated and is modern in his ideas. His wife is the Princess Sadako, who before marriage was the Princess Kaji. The Prince and Princess have three sons since their marriage twelve years ago.